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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/603,698	06/26/2003	Nadia Gardel	05725.1213-00	8001
7590 12/15/2006			EXAMINER	
Thomas L. Irving FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW,			WILLIAMS, LEONARD M	
GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1300 I Street, N.W.			1617	
Washington, DC 20005-3315			DATE MAILED: 12/15/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

·	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/603,698	GARDEL ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Leonard M. Williams	1617				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONED	l. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-99 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) 1-99 are subject to restriction and/or expressions.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.	epted or b) objected to by the E drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) D Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary (
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:					

Response to Traversal of Restriction Requirement

The applicant's traverse the restriction requirement that there is no search burden on the examiner in the examination of the 16 pages of 99 claims. The examiner respectfully disagrees. The examiner has clearly set forth the reasons for restriction in the restriction requirement of 7/3/2006. Further the examiner respectfully points out that each of formulas I-IV have a plurality of variables that further complicate the search and make it burdensome. As such the examiner is maintaining the restriction requirement and further is requiring an election of species. The restriction requirement of 7/3/2006 is included below following the species requirement.

Species Election

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species: Formula I-IV. The species are independent or distinct because Formulas I-IV have a plurality of functional groups pendent. These groups include various R groups, PE groups, o, m, n, p, q linker designations, etc... all based upon the different core structures of Formulas I-IV.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, 1, 2, 13, 16, and 17 are generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. Further applicant must explicitly detail each functionality pemdent upon the elected species including various R groups, PE groups, o, m, n, p, q linker designations, etc... An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

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Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of an allowable generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species.

MPEP § 809.02(a).

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-12, 18-95 and 99, drawn to a foundation in the form of a water-oil emulsion (formula I), classified in class 424, subclass 401.
- II. Claims 1, 13-15, 18-95 and 99, drawn to a foundation in the form of a water-oil emulsion (formula II), classified in class 424, subclass 70.12.
- III. Claims 1, 16, 18-95 and 99, drawn to a foundation in the form of a wateroil emulsion (formula III), classified in class 424, subclass 49.

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- IV. Claims 1, 17-95 and 99, drawn to a foundation in the form of a water-oil emulsion (formula IV), classified in class 424, subclass 70.12.
- V. Claim 96, drawn to a cosmetic process, classified in class 424, subclass401
- VI. Claims 97-98, drawn to a process of making a foundation composition, classified in class 424, subclass 70.1.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I-IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are drawn to using differing compounds chosen from formulas I-IV. These compounds are distinct dimethicone copolyol containing moieties with different functional properties and activities. It is important to note that small changes in small molecules can illicit drastic changes in properties. For example the change in a chiral center in ibuprofen makes the compound nearly inactive as an anti-inflammatory, further when high molecular weight copolyols possess differing functional moieties one would expect the copolyols properties to be different.

Inventions I-IV and V are related as products and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the cosmetic

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process of the application of make up to the skin can be accomplished in a variety of ways and with a plurality of compounds that do not contain dimethicone copolyols, such as by direct contact of an oil-in-water emulsion in a cream formulation comprising lanolin, water, and AMPs surfactants. Further the dimethicone copolyols can be used in non-cosmetic formulations such as pharmaceutical preparations and industrial additives.

Inventions I-V and VI are related as product and process of making. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for making the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case Inventions I-IV are drawn to cosmetic formulations comprising various dimethicone copolyols. Invention VI is simply a method of making said cosmetic formulations for application of make-up to the skin. As detailed above there are many ways to apply make-up formulations and further to make the formulations applied. The process of making as claimed does not have to be limited to the making of cosmetic formulations, as detailed above it could be used in the making of pharmaceutical compositions.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found

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allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

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Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Due to the complexity of the restriction no phone call was made.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Leonard M. Williams whose telephone number is 571-272-0685. The examiner can normally be reached on MF 9-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sreeni Padmanabhan can be reached on 571-272-0629. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

SREENI PADMANABHAN SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER